Factors Affecting Access to Sunscreens Among Persons with Albinism in Tanzania A Case of Moshi Municipality By Ebenezer Fabian Master of Business Management

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People with Albinism are vulnerable to sunburn and skin cancer because of the reduction or absence of melanin in the body. The aim of the research was to analyze the factors that affect persons with Albinism access to sunscreens. The study took a form of a cross-sectional design and it was conducted in Moshi Municipality. Simple random sampling was used to select the population of 79 people with Albinism who belong to Moshi Municipality. This study collected both primary and secondary data whereas household survey using self-administered questionnaire was used. Data were analysed using descriptive analysis where frequencies and percentages were calculated and interpreted. Moreover, multiple regression analysis was applied to analyse the factors affecting PWA access to sunscreeens. The study revealed that PWA are aware of sunscreen and they are knowledgeable about the methods used to protect skin from harmful sunrays. Furthermore, distance was revealed to be one among social factor that affect persons with Albinism access to sunscreen but to those who live beyond Moshi Municipal. On the other hand, income and price significantly affect persons with Albinism on access to sunscreen. The study concluded that, people with Albinism are aware of the need to protect themselves from the effects sunrays and are knowledgeable on the methods of protection, whereas travel distance, income and price of sunscreen were the main factors that affect persons with Albinism access to sunscreen. The study recommended that, government should provide the sunscreen products for free or lower the price so that sunscreens would be accessible to persons with Albinism. Moreover, it was recommended that distribution centres should be located near residential areas of persons with Albinism.